Wargaming 101 Aim and Purpose

with

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Introduction

- Who are we?
 - Jim Wallman and Tom Mouat
- What are you?
 - Civilian or Defence?
 - Military Wargamer or Business Wargamer?
 - Analytical or Educational?
 - Experience?

Recap on Background Reading

- If you are considering using a Wargame, get buy-in from the top.
- Understand what the Wargame is for and why.
- A proper opposition generates an action / reaction feedback loop that produces insights vastly more powerful (and accurate) than a single opinion, however well informed.
- Well implemented Wargames are really useful for education, insight, understanding and training.
- Poorly executed Wargames not only miss the point, but put people off.
- Wargames carry emotional baggage.
- Complexity doesn't equal accuracy.
- Understand the difference between random chance and managing risk.
- Good Wargames can save lives.

German Wargaming between the Wars

The German General Staff instituted "Staff Planning Wargames", normally referred to as "Planspiel".

Take a look at the list of participants for this game in 1927 on the right...

<u>List, Kluge, Brauchitsch,</u> <u>Witzleben, Kleist, Kesselring,</u> <u>Reichenau, Manstein, Busch,</u> <u>Paulus, Guderian, Heinrici,</u> <u>Arnim, Mackensen, Donitz</u>

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Aim and Purpose

- What is the purpose?
- Why a Wargame?
- Who is it for?
- Who is going to participate?

Aim and Purpose

What is the purpose?

- Education.
- Practice.
- Check Plan.
- Team Building.

• Why a Wargame?

- Went to the 101 Session!
- Meaningful decisions.
- Tested against active opposition.
- In a defined framework
- Who is it for?
 - You, your Boss, your subordinates?

Who is going to participate?

- You, your Boss, your subordinates, strangers?
- Experience and knowledge?

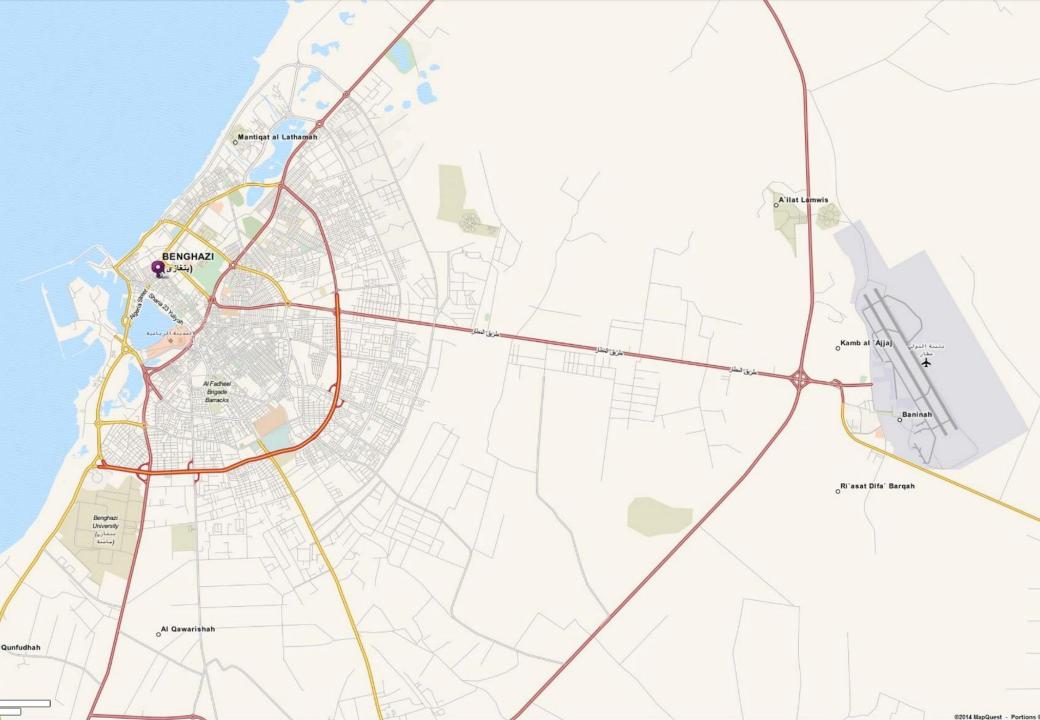
Aim and Purpose - Example

• Battle for Benghazi.

- Contemporary scenario.
- Enemy rebels threatening city.
- Battlegroup Deployment from the port.
- Part of UK Bde.
- Part of NATO (USMC Led) deployment in support of Libyan Government.

• Brigade in Port:

• Mission to secure airport 12km inland from city.



Aim and Purpose - Example

- Battle for Benghazi.
 - What is the purpose?
 - Professional Development Training for Junior Officers.
 - Why a Wargame?
 - Good practice for challenging decision making.
 - Who is it for?
 - Boss and subordinates.
 - Who is going to participate?
 - Subordinates and ?

Key Design Criteria

- Level
 - At what command level are the players operating? (on each side).
 - What meaningful decisions are made at that level and at what rate?

Resolution

- 2 down from the players?
- Appropriate level of detail.
- Type
 - Covered in the next session.

Battle for Benghazi

- Level
 - Players as Battalion Teams.
 - Better quality experience.
 - Players for Brigade HQ.
 - Need for communication and coordination.
 - Asset tasking (ISTAR, Artillery and Engineers).
 - Blue: 2-3 Player Teams: 10-15 players.
 - Red: 2-3 Player Teams: 4-6 players.

Resolution

- Platoon as the smallest unit (counters on the map).
- Battalion Fire support (capability add-on).
- Reconnaissance (activity rather than a unit).
- Quartermaster (enabler rather than decision maker).

Resource Limitations

- Time
 - How much time can you have? (Design / Run)
 - Tempo of Operations at the Command Level?
 - How long an operation do you want?
 - Considerations:
 - Rate of decision making.
 - Maintenance of game pace.
 - Fitting a meaningful operation at the Level of command into the time available

• These give you time intervals ("Game Turns")

- How long they represent.
- How long they take to resolve.
- Professional games do not "overrun"...

Battle for Benghazi

- Time
 - 3 hours of game play (an afternoon).
 - Representing 48 hours of operation.
 - 16hrs per hour of game play
 - Therefore a 4hr operation must be resolved in 15 minutes.

That 15 minute turn must include all aspects of operations (communications, decision making, combat resolution, etc).

Resource Limitations

- Space
 - Design Layout (Closed / Open).
 - Hearing Distance.

Participants

- Enough players for both sides.
- Enemy numbers can depend on mission.
 - E.g. If Red are attacking, they need more players.

Materials

- Communications equipment?
- Mapping
- Counters

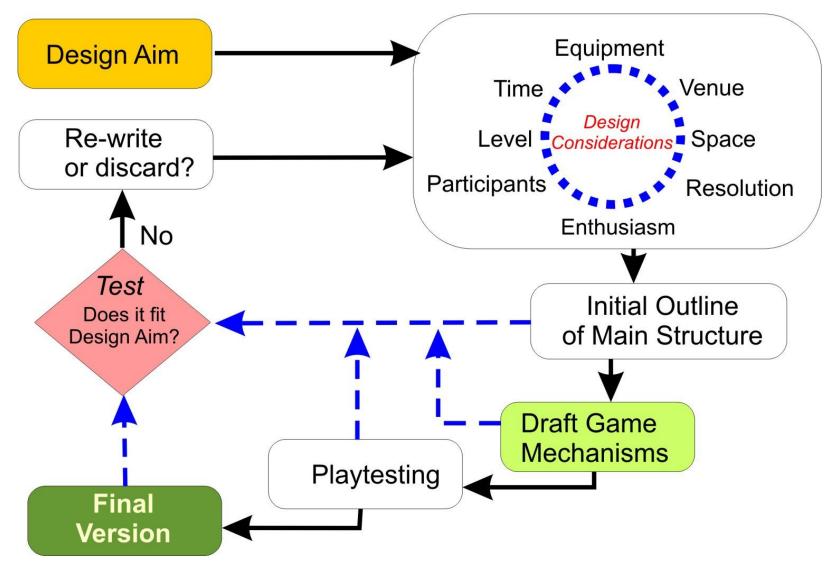




How many do you think you can have?



Design Cycle



Recap and Questions

- Aim and Purpose.
- Key Design Criteria.
- Resource Limitations.
 - Time.
 - Space.
 - Materials.
- The Design Cycle.

